

## **Cross-Over Study Design Example (With Results)**

<u>Disclaimer</u>: The following information is fictional and is only intended for the purpose of illustrating key concepts for results data entry in the Protocol Registration and Results System (PRS).

The safety and scientific validity of this study is the responsibility of the study sponsor and

**h** investigators. Listing a study does not mean it has been evaluated by the U.S. Federal Government. Read our disclaimer for details.

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT00055568

Recruitment Status: Completed First Posted: May 3, 2017

Results First Posted: February 10, 2019 Last Update Posted: February 10, 2019

### Sponsor:

PRS Results Training

### Information provided by (Responsible Party):

PRS Results Training

### Study Description

#### **Brief Summary:**

The objective of the study is to determine whether Hypertena has an effect on reducing systolic and diastolic blood pressure in participants diagnosed with high blood pressure.

Condition or disease	Intervention/treatment	Phase
High Blood Pressure	Drug: Hypertena	Phase 2
	Drug: Placebo	

#### Detailed Description:

Enrolled patients with high blood pressure, who are being treated at a specialty clinic associated with a hospital in Springfield, IL, will be randomized to receive either Hypertena or Placebo first and then will be crossed over to receive the opposite Intervention. The study will consist of two treatment periods of 2 weeks separated by a washout period of 2 weeks.



### **Study Design**

Study Type: Interventional

Actual Enrollment: 130 participants

Allocation: Randomized

Intervention Model: Crossover Assignment

Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator)

Primary Purpose: Treatment

Official Title: Phase II, Randomized, Double-Blind, Cross-Over Study of Hypertena

and Placebo in Participants With High Blood Pressure

Actual Study Start Date: May 3, 2017

Actual Primary Completion Date: February 11, 2018
Actual Study Completion Date: February 11, 2018

### **Arms and Interventions**

Arm	Intervention/treatment
Experimental: Hypertena, Then Placebo	Drug: Hypertena
Participants first received Hypertena 20 mg tablet each morning in a	20 mg tablet
fasting state for 2 weeks. After a washout period of 2 weeks, they	Drug: Placebo
then received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg tablet) in	Hypertena-matched
a fasting state each morning for 2 weeks.	Placebo tablet
Experimental: Placebo, Then Hypertena	Drug: Hypertena
Participants first received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20	20 mg tablet
mg tablet) each morning in a fasting state for 2 weeks. After a	Drug: Placebo
washout period of 2 weeks, they then received Hypertena 20 mg	Hypertena-matched
tablet in a fasting state each morning for 2 weeks.	Placebo tablet



### **Outcome Measures**

### Primary Outcome Measures:

1. Change From Baseline in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (SBP) at 2 Weeks [Time Frame: Baseline and 2 Weeks]

Blood pressure was assessed after the participant was in a seated position for at least 5 minutes. Blood pressure was measured with an automated measurement device 3 times at 1 to 2 minute intervals and a mean of the 3 measurements was calculated.

2. Change From Baseline in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (DBP) at 2 Weeks [ Time Frame: Baseline and 2 Weeks ]

Blood pressure was assessed after the participant was in a seated position for at least 5 minutes. Blood pressure was measured with an automated measurement device 3 times at 1 to 2 minute intervals and a mean of the 3 measurements was calculated.

### Secondary Outcome Measure:

1. Number of Participants With Response [Time Frame: 2 weeks]

Number of participants achieving a mean sitting systolic blood pressure < 140 mmHg and a mean sitting diastolic blood pressure < 90 mmHg at 2 weeks (Response Rate)

### Eligibility Criteria

Ages Eligible for Study: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult)

Sexes Eligible for Study: Both Accepts Healthy Volunteers: No

### Criteria

#### Inclusion Criteria:

- Diagnosed with high blood pressure (Stage 1 or 2 hypertension via JNC 7: Systolic blood pressure (SBP) ≥ 140 mmHg and/or diastolic blood pressure (DBP) ≥ 90 mmHg)
- Required to have a sufficient level of education to understand study procedures and be able to communicate with site personnel

#### **Exclusion Criteria:**

- History of kidney disease
- Diabetes
- Acute liver injury (e.g., hepatitis) or severe cirrhosis

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- Pregnancy
- · Breast-feeding
- Allergy to Hypertena or lactose
- History of drug or alcohol abuse
- Participation in a study of an investigational medication within the past 30 days

### **Contacts and Locations**

### Locations

### **United States, Illinois**

St. Emanuel Hospital

Springfield, Illinois, United States, 62715

### Study Documents (Full-Text)

Documents provided by PRS Results Training

Study Protocol and Statistical Analysis Plan [PDF] April 3, 2017

### **More Information**

Responsible Party: PRS Results Training

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT00055568

Other Study ID Numbers: TTTCrossoverR

First Posted: May 3, 2017

Results First Posted: February 10, 2019

Last Update Posted: February 10, 2019

Last Verified: January 2019

Human Subjects Protection Review Board Status: Approved

Studies a U.S. FDA-regulated Drug Product: Yes
Studies a U.S. FDA-regulated Device Product: No



## **Study Results**

Study Type	Interventional		
Study Design	Allocation: Randomized; Intervention Model: Crossover Assignment;  Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator); Primary Purpose: Treatment		
Condition	High Blood Pressure		
Interventions	Drug: Hypertena Drug: Placebo		
Enrollment	130		

## **Participant Flow**

Recruitment Details	200 patients were screened for eligibility between May 3, 2017 and October 24, 2017 at a hospital-associated specialty clinic in Springfield, IL.
Pre-assignment Details	130 of 200 participants were randomized. Of those not randomized, 35 did not meet inclusion criteria and 35 declined to participate.

Arm/Group Title	Hypertena, Then Placebo	Placebo, Then Hypertena
Arm/Group Description	Participants first received	Participants first received
	Hypertena 20 mg tablet each	Placebo tablet (matching
	morning in a fasting state for 2	Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting
	weeks. After a washout period	state each morning for 2 weeks.
	of 2 weeks, they then received	After a washout period of 2
	Placebo tablet (matching	weeks, they then received
	Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting	Hypertena 20 mg tablet in a
	state each morning for 2	fasting state each morning for 2
	weeks.	weeks.

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Period Title: First Intervention (2 Weeks)				
Started	65	65		
Received Intervention	65	64		
Completed	65	63		
Not Completed	0	2		
Reason Not Completed				
Withdrawal by Subject	0	1		
Adverse Event	0	1		
Period Title: Washout (2 Weeks)				
Started	65	63		
Completed	63	62		
Not Completed	2	1		
Reason Not Completed				
Disease relapse	2	1		
Period Title: Second Intervention (2	Weeks)			
Started	63	62		
Completed	60	62		
Not Completed	3	0		
Reason Not Completed				
Adverse Event	2	0		
Lost to Follow-up	1	0		



## **Baseline Characteristics**

		Llymantara Thar	Dlessha Thair	
	Arm/Group Title	Hypertena, Then Placebo	Placebo, Then Hypertena	Total
Arm/Group Description		Participants first received Hypertena 20 mg tablet each morning in a fasting state for 2 weeks. After a washout period of 2 weeks, they then received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning for 2 weeks.	Participants first received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning for 2 weeks. After a washout period of 2 weeks, they then received Hypertena 20 mg in a fasting state each morning for 2 weeks.	Total of all reporting groups
Overa	all Number of Baseline Participants	65	65	130
Baselir	ne Analysis Population Description	[Not Specified]		
Age, Continuous Mean (Standard Deviation) Unit of Measure: years				
	Number Analyzed	65 participants	65 participants	130 participants
		40.5 (5.3)	40.1 ( 5.9)	40.3 ( 5.6)

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Sex: Female, Male Measure Type: Count of Participants Unit of measure: participants							
	Number Analyzed	65 particip	oants	65 partic	ipants	130 partio	ipants
	Female	31	47.69%	29	44.62%	60	46.15%
	Male	34	52.31%	36	55.38%	70	53.85%
Ethnicity (NIH/OMB)  Measure Type: Count of Participants  Unit of measure: participants							
	Number Analyzed	65 particip	oants	65 partic	ipants	130 partio	ipants
	Hispanic or Latino	13	20%	12	18.46%	25	19.23%
	Not Hispanic or Latino	52	80%	53	81.54%	105	80.77%
	Unknown or Not Reported	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%

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Race (NIH/OMB)  Measure Type: Count of Participants Unit of measure: participants	Number Analyzed	65 partic	ipants	65 partic	ipants	130 partic	cipants
	American Indian or	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Alaska Native						
	Asian	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Black or African American	10	15.38%	9	13.85%	19	14.62%
	White	55	84.62%	56	86.15%	111	85.38%
	More than one race	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Unknown or Not Reported	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Region of Enrollment Measure Type: Count of Participants Unit of measure: participants							
United States	Number Analyzed	65 partic	ipants	65 partic	ipants	130 partio	cipants
Cinica Clatos		65	100%	65	100%	130	100%

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Weight				
Mean (Standard Deviation)				
Unit of measure:				
kg				
	Number Analyzed	65 participants	65 participants	130 participants
		63.9 (8.9)	66.1 (13.0)	65.0 (11.2)
Sitting Systolic				
Blood				
Pressure				
(SBP)				
Mean (Standard				
Deviation)				
Unit of measure:				
mmHg				
	Number Analyzed	65 participants	65 participants	130 participants
		143.9 (15.5)	149.9 (23.1)	146.9 (19.9)
Sitting				
Diastolic Blood				
Pressure				
(DBP)				
Mean (Standard				
Deviation)				
Unit of measure:				
mmHg				
	Number Analyzed	65 participants	65 participants	130 participants
		89.9 (8.6)	93.7 (9.6)	91.8 (9.3)



### **Outcome Measures**

### 1. Primary Outcome

Title	Change From Baseline in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (SBP) at 2 Weeks
Description	Blood pressure was assessed after the participant was in a seated position for at least 5 minutes. Blood pressure was measured with an automated measurement device 3 times at 1 to 2 minute intervals and a mean of the 3 measurements was calculated.
Time Frame	Baseline and 2 Weeks

### Outcome Measure Data

## **Analysis Population Description**

All participants who received at least one dose of each intervention and completed all study visits were included in the efficacy analysis.

Arm/Group Title	Hypertena	Placebo
Arm/Group Description:	Participants who received  Hypertena 20 mg tablet in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.	Participants who received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	127	123
Mean (Standard Deviation) Unit of Measure: mmHg		
SBP at Baseline	146 (19.7)	148 (18.6)
Change from Baseline at 2 weeks	-13.7 (1.7)	-7.0 (1.8)



## Statistical Analysis 1

Statistical Analysis	Comparison Group Selection	Hypertena, Placebo
Overview	Comments	Null hypothesis is that there was no difference in change of SBP between Hypertena and Placebo. ANCOVA models with the trough SBP at baseline, body weight, and age as covariates, and the treatment group and study site as factors. The test was performed with a significance level of 0.05 (two-sided).  A sample size of 125 participants was needed to provide 90% power to detect a 5 mmHg difference in systolic blood pressure.
	Type of Statistical Test	Superiority
	Comments	[Not specified]
Statistical	P-Value	<0.001
Test of	Comments	[Not specified]
Hypothesis	Method	ANCOVA
	Comments	[Not specified]

## 2. Primary Outcome

Title	Change From Baseline in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (DBP) at 2 Weeks
Description	Blood pressure was assessed after the participant was in a seated position for at least 5
	minutes. Blood pressure was measured with an automated measurement device 3 times
	at 1 to 2 minute intervals and a mean of the 3 measurements was calculated.
Time Frame	Baseline and 2 Weeks



### Outcome Measure Data

### **Analysis Population Description**

All participants who received at least one dose of each intervention and completed all study visits were included in the efficacy analysis.

Arm/Group Title	Hypertena	Placebo
Arm/Group Description:	Participants who received Hypertena 20 mg tablet in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.	Participants who received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	127	123
Mean (Standard Deviation) Unit of Measure: mmHg		
DBP at Baseline	92 (9.2)	91 (9.1)
Change from Baseline at 2 weeks	-6.8 (1.3)	-2.7 (0.7)

### Statistical Analysis 1

Statistical Analysis	Comparison Group Selection	Hypertena, Placebo
Overview	Comments	Null hypothesis is that there was no difference in change of DBP between Hypertena and Placebo. ANCOVA models with the trough DBP at baseline, body weight, and age as covariates, and the treatment group and study site as factors. The test was performed with a significance level of 0.05 (two-sided).
	Type of Statistical Test	Superiority
	Comments	[Not specified]



Statistical	P-Value	<0.001
Test of	Comments	[Not specified]
Hypothesis	Method	ANCOVA
	Comments	[Not specified]

## 3. Secondary Outcome

Title	Number of Participants With Response	
Description	Number of participants achieving a mean sitting systolic blood pressure < 140 mmHg and	
	a mean sitting diastolic blood pressure < 90 mmHg at 2 weeks (Response Rate)	
Time Frame	2 Weeks	

### **Outcome Measure Data**

## Analysis Population Description

All participants who received at least one dose of each intervention and completed all study visits were included in the efficacy analysis.

Arm/Group Title	Hypertena	Placebo	
Arm/Group Description:	Participants who received  Hypertena 20 mg tablet in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.	Participants who received Placebo tablet (matching Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning in either the first or last 2 weeks of the study.	
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	127	123	
Measure Type: Count of Participants Unit of Measure: participants	<b>57</b> 44.88%	43 34.96%	



### **Adverse Events**

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t one dose of intervention.  IDRA (11.1)  tematic Assessment  Hypertena  icipants received ertena 20 mg tablet in a ng state each morning for	Placebo  Participants received  Placebo tablet (matching  Hypertena 20 mg) in a  fasting state each morning		
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ng state each morning for	Hypertena 20 mg) in a fasting state each morning		
	fasting state each morning		
eeks.			
	for 2 weeks.		
All-Cause Mortality			
Hypertena	Placebo		
Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)		
0/127 (0%)	0/127 (0%)		
Serious Adverse Events			
Hypertena	Placebo		
Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)		
0/127 (0%)	1/127 (0.79%)		
0/127 (0%)	1/127 (0.79%)		
	Affected / at Risk (%)  0/127 (0%)  Hypertena  Affected / at Risk (%)  0/127 (0%)		



Other (Not Including Serious) Adverse Events			
Frequency Threshold for Reporting Other Adverse Events	0%		
	Hypertena	Placebo	
	Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)	
Total	49/127 (38.58%)	33/127 (25.98%)	
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Nausea †1	10/127 (7.87%)	5/127 (3.94%)	
Infections and infestations			
Influenza †1	2/127 (1.57%)	1/127 (0.79%)	
Nervous system disorders			
Dizziness †1	11/127 (8.66%)	6/127 (4.72%)	
Headache †1	20/127 (15.75%)	16/127 (12.6%)	
Restlessness †1	5/127 (3.94%)	4/127 (3.15%)	
Psychiatric disorders			
Depression †1	1/127 (0.79%)	1/127 (0.79%)	
1 Term from vocabulary, MedDRA (11.1	1 Term from vocabulary, MedDRA (11.1)		
† Indicates events were collected by systematic assessment			

### **Limitations and Caveats**

[Not Specified]

### **More Information**

## **Certain Agreements**

All Principal Investigators ARE employed by the organization sponsoring the study.

### **Results Point of Contact**

Name/Title: PRS Training Lead
Organization: PRS Results Training

Phone: 555-555-555

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Responsible Party: PRS Results Training

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT00055568

Other Study ID Numbers: TTTCrossoverR First Submitted: April 25, 2017

First Posted: May 3, 2017

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